

# Oracle Data Redaction

Oracle Database 12c and 11g (patch set: 11.2.0.4)

# Who Am I

Ivica Arsov

Certifications:

- Oracle Database 11g Administrator Certified Master
- Oracle Certified Expert, Oracle Exadata X3 and X4 Administrator
- Oracle Certified Expert, Oracle Real Application Clusters 11g and Grid Infrastructure Administrator
- Oracle Database 11g Administrator Certified Professional


Blog: <http://iarsov.com>

Social media:

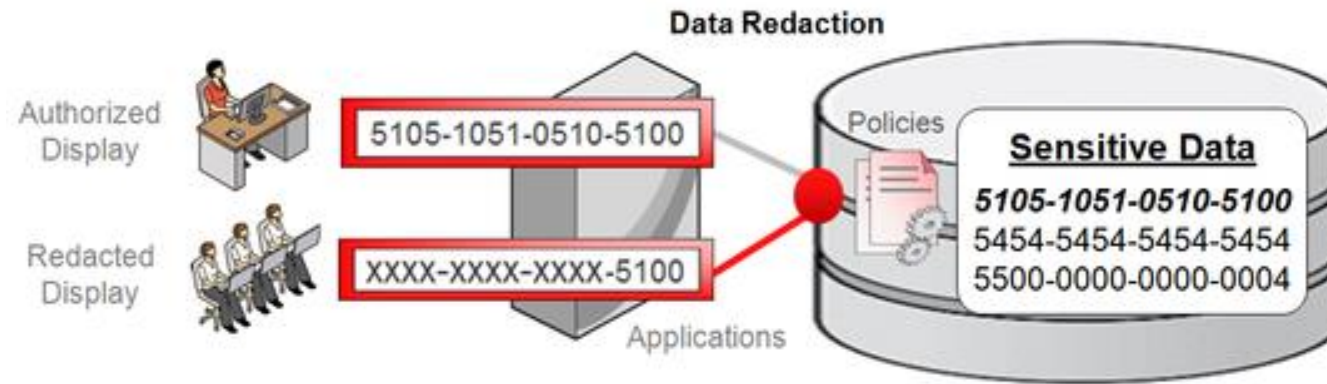
LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/in/iarsov>

Twitter: @IvicaArsov

# Agenda

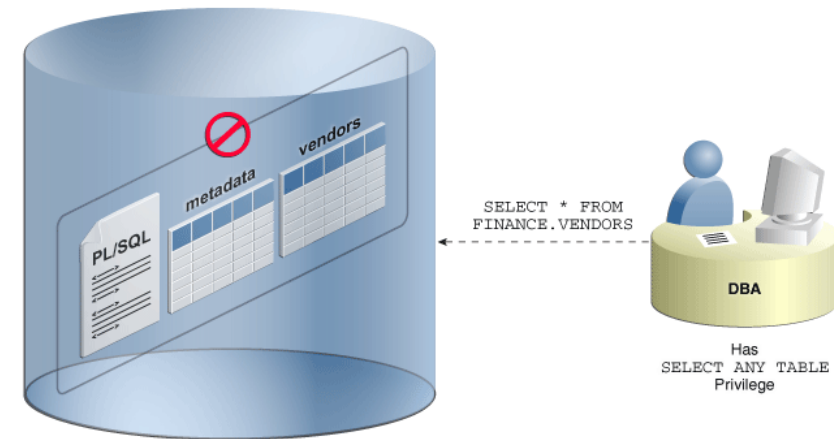
- Introduction to Oracle Data Redaction
- Data Redaction methods
- Caveats
- Virtual Columns - *warning* 

- Available from Oracle Database 12c
  - also available for 11g Release 2 (patch set 11.2.0.4)
- Data is modified at query-execution time
- Not designed to prevent data exposure



# Other security options

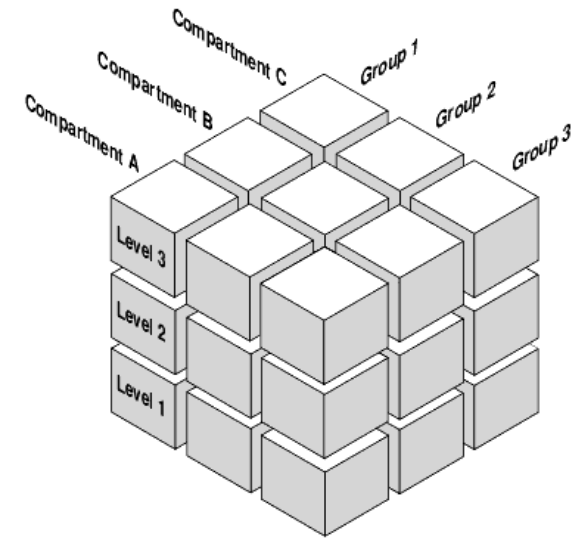
- Database Vault
  - Realms (protection zone)
  - Command rules



- Oracle Label Security
  - User and Data Labels (levels, compartments, groups)
- Virtual Private Database
  - Policies (similar to Data Redaction)

# Other security options

- Database Vault
  - Realms (protection zone)
  - Command rules
- Oracle Label Security
  - User and Data Labels (levels, compartments, groups)
- Virtual Private Database
  - Policies (similar to Data Redaction)



# Other security options

- Database Vault
  - Realms (protection zone)
  - Command rules
- Oracle Label Security
  - User and Data Labels (levels, compartments, groups)
- Virtual Private Database
  - Policies are used to modify WHERE clause



# Data Redaction vs Data Masking

## Data Redaction != Data Masking

With Data Masking:

- Actual data is modified
- Suitable for non-production environments
- It requires analysis to identify sensitive data

# How does Data Redaction works?

Policies are defined to determine:

- What to redact
- How to redact
- When to redact

# How do we manage policies ?

## Interface to Data Redaction: DBMS\_REDACT

<code>ADD_POLICY</code>	Defines a Data Redaction policy for a table or view
<code>ALTER_POLICY</code>	Alters a Data Redaction policy for a table or view
<code>DISABLE_POLICY</code>	Disables a Data Redaction policy
<code>DROP_POLICY</code>	Drops a Data Redaction policy
<code>ENABLE_POLICY</code>	Enables a Data Redaction policy
<code>UPDATE_FULL_REDACTION_VALUES</code>	Modifies the default displayed values for a Data Redaction policy for full redaction

```
DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (  
  
    object_schema      => 'HR',  
    object_name        => 'EMPLOYEES',  
    policy_name        => 'SALARY_FULL_REDACT',  
    column_name        => 'SALARY',  
    function_type      => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,  
    function_parameters => NULL,  
    expression        => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''CURRENT_USER'') = ''ORACLE''',  
    enable             => TRUE,  
    policy_description => 'Policy for salary redaction in Employees table'  
  
);
```

```
column_name          => ' SALARY' ,  
function_type       => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,  
function_parameters => NULL,  
expression         => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''CURRENT_USER'') = ''ORACLE''',
```

- Some functions that can be used:

SYS\_CONTEXT

V, NV

OLS\_LABEL\_DOMINATES

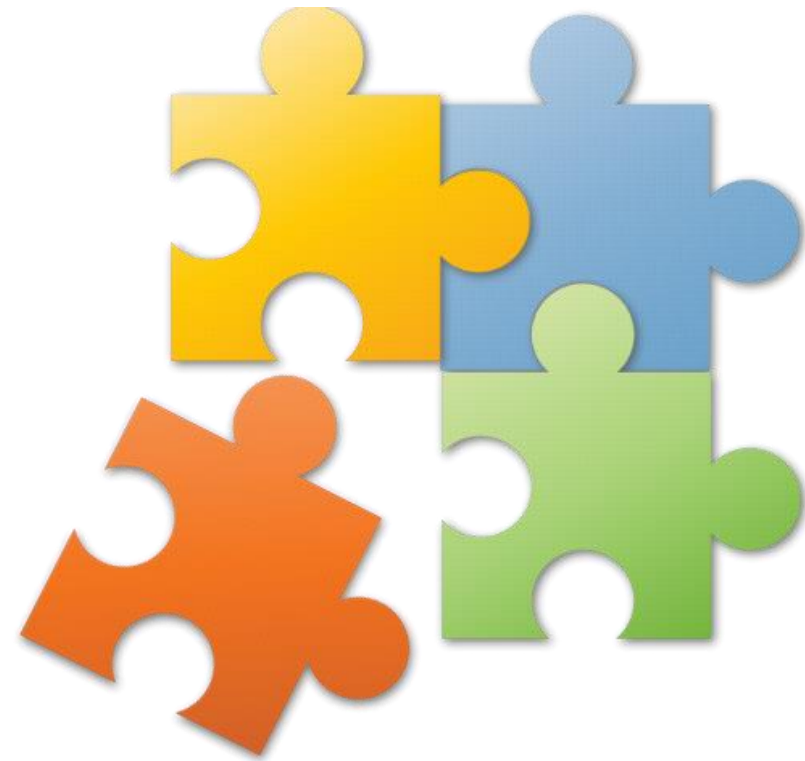
Conditions: =, !=, >, <, >=, <=

- User defined functions are not permitted

# Data Redaction Methods

# Methods for Data Redaction

- Full
- Random
- Partial
- Regular expression
- None





- Full
- Random
- Partial
- Regular expression
- None

- Whole column value is redacted
- Different default values for different data types
  - Character data types: single space
  - Number data types: 0
  - Date data types: 01.01.2001

Determine current default values from dictionary view

REDACTION\_VALUES\_FOR\_TYPE\_FULL

```
DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (  
  
    object_schema      => 'HR',  
    object_name        => 'EMP',  
    policy_name        => 'SSN_FULL_REDACT',  
    column_name        => 'SSN',  
    function_type       => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,  
    function_parameters => NULL,  
    expression         => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''CURRENT_USER'') = ''ORACLE''',  
    enable              => TRUE,  
    policy_description  => 'Policy for salary redaction in Employees table'  
  
);
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SSN
100	Steven	King	
101	Neena	Kochhar	
102	Lex	De Haan	
103	Alexander	Hunold	
104	Bruce	Ernst	
105	David	Austin	
106	Valli	Pataballa	
107	Diana	Lorentz	
108	Nancy	Greenberg	
109	Daniel	Faviet	

10 rows selected

- Base tables for default values

Table: `radm_fptm$`

LOBs are stored in separate table: `radm_fptm_lob$`

- Default values can be changed

`DBMS_REDACT.UPDATE_FULL_REDACTION_VALUES`

- Database instance must be restarted

# Full Redaction - change default values

How to change default values:

1. Login to database with execute privilege on `DBMS_REDACT`
2. Check the default value you want to change
3. Set new default value with  
`DBMS_REDACT.UPDATE_FULL_REDACTION_VALUES`
4. Restart the database instance

- Full
- **Random**
- Partial
- Regular expression
- None

- Column value is entirely changed
- Random value is generated each time redacted column is accessed
- Character data types:

#### CHAR

Character set remains same

Byte length is same as real column definition

#### VARCHAR2

Character set remains same

Data is limited to real (actual) data length

#### Number data types

Random non-negative number is generated

Precision is preserved



```
DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (  
  
    object_schema      => 'HR',  
    object_name        => 'EMP',  
    policy_name        => 'SSN_RANDOM_REDACT',  
    column_name        => 'SSN',  
    function_type      => DBMS_REDACT.RANDOM,  
    function_parameters => NULL,  
    expression        => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''CURRENT_USER'') = ''ORACLE''',  
    enable             => TRUE,  
    policy_description => 'Policy for salary redaction in Employees table'  
  
);
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SSN
100	Steven	King	,]NQ-o<Q4eV
101	Neena	Kochhar	5fFE,{X\$=nN
102	Lex	De Haan	(&]We{?u0.e
103	Alexander	Hunold	2?]FG0<s:Ge
104	Bruce	Ernst	~iN,:h]z'qV
105	David	Austin	~QeM\q4\'Ym
106	Valli	Pataballa	y%?2# Y'''-G
107	Diana	Lorentz	]E4#;TF=eM<
108	Nancy	Greenberg	^PJ.3EsgfXR
109	Daniel	Faviet	#KJRd!BV+SR

10 rows selected

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SSN
100	Steven	King	++K\$Z>1A33S
101	Neena	Kochhar	+QKsGKLR3YS
102	Lex	De Haan	XV}:g \u`^&
103	Alexander	Hunold	-%B5(5 .5-J
104	Bruce	Ernst	FCGyK Z2NKO
105	David	Austin	B+.{c>^JJ36
106	Valli	Pataballa	6sfNaJN/>{n
107	Diana	Lorentz	V0LAhvEF^8T
108	Nancy	Greenberg	"MUHF~1<*U]
109	Daniel	Faviet	Bb\,B\$!(Jj

10 rows selected

- Full
- Random
- **Partial**
- Regular expression
- None

## Character data types

- String must be fixed length
- Masking format is explicitly set by the user

## Parameters

- Input format
- Output format
- Mask character
- Starting digit position
- Ending digit position

```

DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY(
  object_schema      => 'HR',
  object_name        => 'EMPLOYEES',
  column_name        => 'SSN',
  policy_name        => 'SSN_PARTIAL_REDACT',
  function_type       => DBMS_REDACT.PARTIAL,
  function_parameters => 'VVVFVVVFVVVV,VVV-VV-VVVV,X,1,5',
  expression         => '1=1',
  policy_description => 'Partial redact for Employee social security number');

```

## Input / Output format

V - for potential characters to be redacted

F - for characters to be formatted using format character

function\_parameters => 'VVVFVVVFVVVV, VVV-VV-VVVV, X, 1, 5'

SSN: 651-12-1234 ————— redacted to —————> XXX-XX-1234

Input format: VVVFVVVFVVVV

changed to '-'

changed to 'X'

- Full
- Random
- Partial
- Regular expression
- None

# Regular Expression Redaction

- Redaction based on patterns
- Full redaction can take place if:
  - Pattern fails to match
  - If no replacement occurs during regular expression replacement operation



# Regular Expression Redaction

## Predefined patterns

### REGEXP\_PATTERN

```
DBMS_REDACT.RE_PATTERN_ANY_DIGIT  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_PATTERN_CC_L6_T4  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_PATTERN_US_PHONE  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_PATTERN_EMAIL_ADDRESS  
RE_REDACT_EMAIL_NAME  
RE_REDACT_EMAIL_DOMAIN  
RE_REDACT_EMAIL_ENTIRE  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_PATTERN_IP_ADDRESS
```

### REGEXP\_REPLACE\_STRING

```
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_WITH_SINGLE_X  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_WITH_SINGLE_1  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_CC_MIDDLE_DIGITS  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_PHONE_L7  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_EMAIL_NAME  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_EMAIL_DOMAIN  
DBMS_REDACT.RE_REDACT_IP_L3
```

# Regular Expression Redaction

## Input parameters:

`regexp_pattern` - search pattern

`regexp_replace_string` - replacement value

`regexp_position` - from where to start the search (defaults to 1)

`regexp_occurrences` - whether to replace all, first or nth occurrence

`regexp_match_parameter` - changes matching behavior

- Full
- Random
- Partial
- Regular expression
- **None**

```
SELECT object_name, object_type
FROM user_objects
WHERE object_name in ('EMP_T', 'EMP_V');
```

OBJECT\_NAME

EMP\_V

EMP\_T

OBJECT\_TYPE

VIEW

TABLE



```
DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (  
  object_schema => 'HR',  
  object_name   => 'EMP_T',  
  policy_name   => 'EMP SAL FULL REDACT',  
  column_name   => 'SALARY',  
  function_type => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,  
  expression    => '1=1');
```

```
DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (  
  object_schema => 'HR',  
  object_name   => 'EMP_V',  
  policy_name   => 'EMP VIEW NOREDACT',  
  column_name   => 'SALARY',  
  function_type => DBMS_REDACT.NONE,  
  expression    => '1=1');
```

```
SELECT object_name, policy_name, enable FROM REDACTION_POLICIES WHERE object_owner = 'HR';
```

OBJECT_NAME	POLICY_NAME	ENABLE
EMP_T	<u>EMP SAL FULL REDACT</u>	YES
EMP_V	<u>EMP VIEW NOREDACT</u>	YES

```
SELECT first_name, last_name, salary FROM EMP_T fetch first 3 rows only;
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	0
Neena	Kochhar	0
Lex	De Haan	0

FULL redaction  
on salary column

```
SELECT first_name, last_name, salary FROM EMP_V fetch first 3 rows only;
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	24000
Neena	Kochhar	17000
Lex	De Haan	17000

NONE redaction  
policy defined

# Data Redaction - explain plan

- There is no change to explain plan
- No information for end user that redaction took place

```
SQL> set autotrace trace exp
```

```
SQL> select first_name, last_name, salary from emp;
```

```
Execution Plan
```

```
-----
```

```
Plan hash value: 3956160932
```

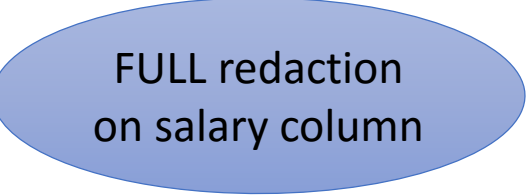
```
-----
```

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)	Time
0	SELECT STATEMENT		107	2033	3 (0)	00:00:01
1	TABLE ACCESS FULL	EMP	107	2033	3 (0)	00:00:01

```
-----
```



```
select first_name, salary from emp;
```



FULL redaction  
on salary column

Optimizer trace:

=====

PARSING IN CURSOR #18446604434619702408 len=57 tim=58985251144 sqlid='7b50t3fpq2fng'

```
select pname, pexpr, enable_flag from radm$ where obj#=:1
```

END OF STMT

PARSE #18446604434619702408:c=19340,e=19341,p=0,cr=71, mis=1,dep=1,og=4,plh=0,tim=58985251138

BINDS #18446604434619702408:

Bind#0

oacdtty=02 mxl=22(22) mxlc=00 mal=00 scl=00 pre=00

oacflg=00 fl2=1000001 frm=00 csi=00 siz=24 off=0

kxsbbbfp=ffff80ffbdb29630 bln=22 avl=04 flg=05

**value=92715**

EXEC #18446604434619702408:c=2366,e=2367,p=0,cr=12, mis=1, og=4,plh=1091136192,tim=58985253638



## Optimizer trace:

=====

PARSING IN CURSOR #18446604434620453248 len=401 dep=1 uid=0 oct=3 lid=0 tim=58985264150 hv=3348710374 ad='16f570690'  
sqlid='fpmltjb3tkhz6'

```
select mfunc, mparams, intcol#, regexp_pattern, regexp_replace_string, regexp_position, regexp_occurrence,
regexp_match_parameter, mp_iformat_start_byte, mp_iformat_end_byte, mp_oformat_start_byte, mp_oformat_end_byte,
mp_maskchar_start_byte, mp_maskchar_end_byte, mp_maskfrom, mp_maskto, mp_datmask_Mo, mp_datmask_D, mp_datmask_Y,
mp_datmask_H, mp_datmask_Mi, mp_datmask_S
from radm_mc$ where obj#=:1
```

END OF STMT

PARSE #18446604434620453248:c=10286,e=10286,p=0,cr=71,cu=0,mis=1,r=0,dep=1,og=4,plh=0,tim=58985264145

BINDS #18446604434620453248:

Bind#0

oacdtty=02 mxl=22(22) mxlc=00 mal=00 scl=00 pre=00

oacflg=00 fl2=1000001 frm=00 csi=00 siz=24 off=0

kxsbbbf=ffff80ffbdb3ed58 bln=22 avl=04 flg=05

**value=92715**

EXEC #18446604434620453248:c=11911,e=11910,p=0,cr=69,cu=0,mis=1,r=0,dep=1,og=4,plh=3522975176,tim=58985276263

FETCH #18446604434620453248:c=29,e=29,p=0,cr=2,cu=0,mis=0,r=1,dep=1,og=4,plh=3522975176,tim=58985276363

## Optimizer trace:

=====

.....

Bind#0

oacdty=02 mxl=22(22) mxlc=00 mal=00 scl=00 pre=00

oacflg=00 fl2=1000001 frm=00 csi=00 siz=24 off=0

kxsbbbfp=ffff80ffbdb3ed58 bln=22 avl=04 flg=05

**value=92715**

.....

SELECT pname, pexpr, enable\_flag FROM RADM\$ where obj# = **92715**;

PNAME	PEXPR	ENABLE_FLAG
emp_redact	1=1	1

SELECT object\_id, owner, object\_name, object\_type FROM dba\_objects WHERE object\_id = **92715**;

OBJECT_ID	OWNER	OBJECT_NAME	OBJECT_TYPE
<b>92715</b>	HR	EMP	TABLE

# Bypassing Data Redaction Policies

- EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY privilege
- EXEMPT DDL REDACTION POLICY privilege
- EXEMPT DML REDACTION POLICY privilege
- SYS and SYSTEM by default have EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY privilege

# Considerations

# Recycle Bin

You might see something like

`BIN$C1uN3icECP3gVAgAJ3PSGQ==$0`

**under** OBJECT\_NAME **in** REDACTION\_POLICIES

```
show parameter recyclebin
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
-----	-----	-----
recyclebin	string	on

# CTAS and Data Redaction

DDL statements not allowed when redacted objects are involved:

- **CREATE TABLE AS SELECT (CTAS)**
- **INSERT AS SELECT**

```
SQL> create table emp1 as select * from emp;  
create table emp1 as select * from emp  
                                *
```

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-28081: Insufficient privileges - the command references a redacted object.

# CTAS and Data Redaction

```
SQL> !oerr ora 28081
28081, 00000, "Insufficient privileges - the command references a redacted object."
// *Cause: The command referenced a redacted column in an
// object protected by a data redaction policy.
// *Action: If possible, modify the command to avoid referencing any
// redacted columns. Otherwise, drop the data redaction policies that
// protect the referenced tables and views, or ensure that the user issuing
// the command has the EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY system privilege, then
// retry the operation. The EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY system privilege
// is required for creating or refreshing a materialized view when the
// materialized view is based on an object protected by a data redaction
// policy. The EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY system privilege is required for
// performing a data pump schema-level export including any object
// protected by a data redaction policy. All data redaction policies are
// listed in the REDACTION_COLUMNS catalog view.
```

# CTAS and Data Redaction

```
SQL> conn sys/oracle@pdb1 as sysdba
```

```
Connected.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> grant exempt redaction policy to hr;
```

```
Grant succeeded.
```

```
SQL> conn hr/hr@pdb1
```

```
Connected.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> create table emp1 as select * from emp;
```

```
Table created.
```



# Data Redaction and GROUP BY

- Redacted columns are not allowed to be specified in SQL expression while used in GROUP BY clause

**Error ORA-00979: not a GROUP BY expression** is raised

```
SQL> select salary from hr.employees group by (salary+0);  
select salary from hr.employees group by (salary+0)  
      *
```

ERROR at line 1:

**ORA-00979: not a GROUP BY expression**

# Data Redaction and Data Pump

- DATAPUMP\_EXP\_FULL\_DATABASE role includes EXEMPT\_REDACTION\_POLICY system privilege
- Data Pump export cannot be performed on redacted objects without EXEMPT\_REDACTION\_POLICY system privilege

```
Starting "HR"."SYS_EXPORT_SCHEMA_01": hr/*****@pdb1 directory=dbexp schemas=hr access_method=direct_path
Estimate in progress using BLOCKS method...
Processing object type SCHEMA_EXPORT/TABLE/TABLE_DATA
ORA-31696: unable to export/import TABLE_DATA:"HR"."EMPLOYEES" using client specified DIRECT_PATH method
Total estimation using BLOCKS method: 33.5 MB
Processing object type SCHEMA_EXPORT/PRE_SCHEMA/PROCACT_SCHEMA
Processing object type SCHEMA_EXPORT/SEQUENCE/SEQUENCE
Processing object type SCHEMA_EXPORT/TABLE/TABLE
```

# Data Pump Export

**Error:** ORA-31696: unable to export/import TABLE\_DATA:"HR"."EMPLOYEES" using client specified DIRECT\_PATH method

Not very clear what the problem is

How to find the problem ?

Re-execute data pump export/import without ACCESS\_METHOD parameter or set it to automatic (default) or external\_table

```
. . exported "HR"."COUNTRIES"          6.460 KB      25 rows
. . exported "HR"."DEPARTMENTS"       7.125 KB      27 rows
ORA-31693: Table data object "HR"."EMPLOYEES" failed to load/unload and is being skipped due to error:
ORA-28081: Insufficient privileges - the command references a redacted object.
. . exported "HR"."JOBS"              7.109 KB      19 rows
. . exported "HR"."JOB_HISTORY"       7.195 KB      10 rows
```

# Data Pump Import



# Data Redaction Security Considerations

## Known limitations:

- Not meant to prevent from privileged users who execute ad hoc queries
- Sensitive data can be revealed by the method of [inference](#)
- Not enforced for users logged as SYSDBA administrative privilege

```
declare
  n number default 1;
  v_tmp number default 1;
  v_salary number default 0;
begin
loop
  begin
    select src.num into v_tmp
    from   employees,
           (select (rownum-1) num
            from   dual
            connect by rownum <= 10) src

    where lower(email) = lower('sking')
          and to_number(substr(salary,n,1)) = src.num;

    v_salary := v_salary || v_tmp;

  exception
    when no_data_found then
      goto gexit;
  end;

  n := n + 1;

end loop;
...
```

```
declare
  n number default 1;
  v_tmp number default 1;
  v_salary number default 0;
begin
loop
  begin
    select src.num into v_tmp
    from   employees,
           (select (rownum-1) num
            from dual
            connect by rownum <= 10) src

    where lower(email) = lower('sking')
          and to_number(substr(salary,n,1)) = src.num;

    v_salary := v_salary || v_tmp;

  exception
    when no_data_found then
      goto gexit;
  end;

  n := n + 1;

end loop;
...
```

```

declare
  n number default 1;
  v_tmp number default 1;
  v_salary number default 0;
begin
loop
  begin
    select src.num into v_tmp
    from   employees,
          (select (rownum-1) num
           from   dual
           connect by rownum <= 10) src

    where lower(email) = lower('sking')
          and to_number(substr(salary,n,1)) = src.num;

    v_salary := v_salary || v_tmp;

  exception
    when no_data_found then
      goto gexit;
  end;

  n := n + 1;

end loop;
...

```

```

Name: Steven, Surname: King, redacted salary: 8758
Name: Steven, Surname: King, salary: 24000

Name: Steven, Surname: King, redacted salary: 10859
Name: Steven, Surname: King, salary: 24000

Name: Steven, Surname: King, redacted salary: 9253
Name: Steven, Surname: King, salary: 24000

Name: Steven, Surname: King, redacted salary: 19116
Name: Steven, Surname: King, salary: 24000

Name: Steven, Surname: King, redacted salary: 18614
Name: Steven, Surname: King, salary: 24000

```



# Data Redaction and Function Based Indexes

- Function Based Indexes will break Data Redaction

Lets assume that:

- We have SALART\_FULL\_REDACT policy
- We have user defined dummy function DUMMY\_F used for index on SALARY column

```
create function dummy_f(p_val number)
return number deterministic
is
begin
    return p_val;
end dummy_f;
```

```
dbms_redact.add_policy
(object_schema => 'HR',
 object_name   => 'EMP_FBI',
 policy_name   => 'SALARY_FULL_REDACT',
 function_type => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,
 column_name   => 'SALARY',
 expression    => SYS_CONTEXT('USERENV', 'CURRENT USER') = 'ORACLE'
);
```

# Data Redaction and Function Based Indexes

```
SQL> conn oracle/oracle@pdb1
Connected.
```

```
SQL> select first_name, last_name, hr.dummy_f(salary) SALARY
       from emp_fbi where email = 'SKING'
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	0

```
SQL> conn oracle/oracle@pdb1
Connected.
```

```
SQL> select first_name, last_name, hr.dummy_f(salary) SAL
       from emp_fbi where email = 'SKING'
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	24000

```
SQL> conn hr/hr@pdb1
Connected.
```

```
SQL> create index emp_fbi_sal_ix
on emp_fbi(dummy_f(salary));
```

```
Index created.
```

# Data Redaction and User Defined Indexes

```
SQL> conn hr/hr@pdb1
Connected.
SQL>
SQL> create index ss_ix on
employees(salary+0);
Index created.
```

Without index:

```
select first_name, last_name, salary
from hr.employees
where email = 'SKING';
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	0

With index defined:

```
select first_name, last_name, (salary + 0) as salary
from hr.employees
where email = 'SKING';
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
Steven	King	24000

# Data Redaction and Virtual Columns

**ORA-28083: A redacted column was referenced in a virtual column expression.**

Cause: This redacted column was referenced in a virtual column expression.

```
SQL> alter table emp_fbi add salary1 as (salary+0);
```

Table altered.

```
SQL> select first_name, salary, salary1 from emp_fbi where email = 'SKING';
```

FIRST_NAME	SALARY	SALARY1
-----	-----	-----
Steven	0	24000

# Data Redaction from Cloud Control

From Database Home Page: **Security** -> **Data Redaction**



ORACLE Enterprise Manager Cloud Control 12c

Enterprise Targets Favorites History

oradb\_vm01db12c.oralab / PDB1

Oracle Database Performance Availability Security Schema Administration

- Home
- Reports
- Users
- Roles
- Profiles
- Audit Settings
- Enterprise Data Governance
- Application Data Models
- Configuration Compliance
- Data Masking
- Data Redaction**
- Transparent Data Encryption
- Database Vault
- Privilege Analysis
- Label Security
- Virtual Private Database
- Application Contexts
- Enterprise User Security

Summary

Status

Up Time 0 days, 13 hrs  
Version 12.1.0.2.0  
Available Space 0.07 GB

Diagnostics

Incidents 0 0 0 0

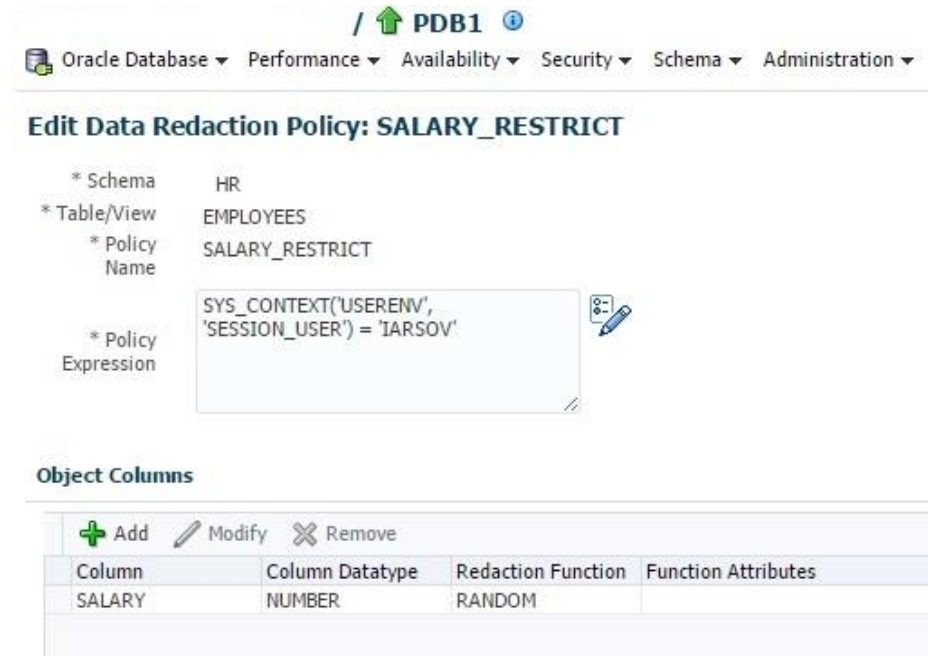
Compliance Summary

View Trends

Compliance Standard

No data to display

Average Score



/ PDB1

Oracle Database Performance Availability Security Schema Administration

### Edit Data Redaction Policy: SALARY\_RESTRICT

\* Schema HR

\* Table/View EMPLOYEES

\* Policy Name SALARY\_RESTRICT

\* Policy Expression

```
SYS_CONTEXT('USERENV', 'SESSION_USER') = 'IARSOV'
```

#### Object Columns

+ Add ✎ Modify ✕ Remove

Column	Column Datatype	Redaction Function	Function Attributes
SALARY	NUMBER	RANDOM	